



Macroeconomic overview - Georgia

April 16, 2021

Georgia successfully priced US\$ 500mn Eurobond at a record low coupon of 2.750%

Transaction details

| lssuer | Republic of Georgia | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Issue Ratings | BB (Fitch) / Ba2 (Moody's)/BB (S&P) | | |
| Status | Senior unsecured | | |
| Format | RegS/144A | | |
| Issue Size | US\$ 500mn | | |
| Settlement Date | 22 April 2021 | | |
| Maturity Date | 22 April 2026 | | |
| Coupon | 2.750% | | |
| Yield | 2.875% | | |
| Issue price | 99.422% | | |
| Use of proceeds | General budgetary purposes | | |
| Listing/Law | London Stock Exchange/ English Law | | |
| | | | |

On 15 April 2021, Georgia successfully priced a US\$ 500mn, 5year Eurobond. The coupon rate for the bond was determined at 2.750%.

The Eurobond was met with strong investor demand, with orders reaching US\$ 2.0bn.

The transaction records several milestones for the country, namely:

- Securing the financing at the lowest coupon and yield in the history of Georgia
- The lowest yield and coupon achieved by any country from the region.

Goldman Sachs and J.P. Morgan acted as a Joint Global Coordinators and Joint Bookrunners on the transaction along with ICBC Standard Bank, while local investment banks Galt & Taggart and TBC Capital acted as Co-managers.

Source: Bloomberg, Galt & Taggart Research



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Economic trends

2 External sector

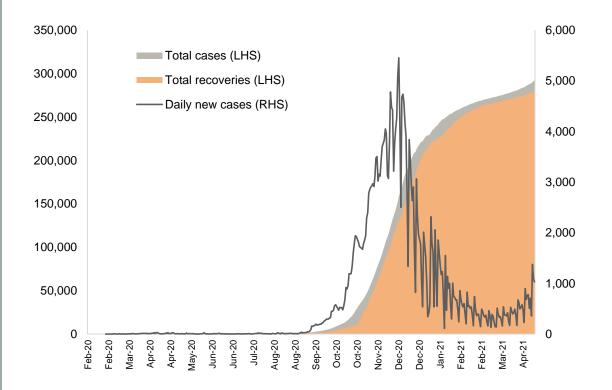
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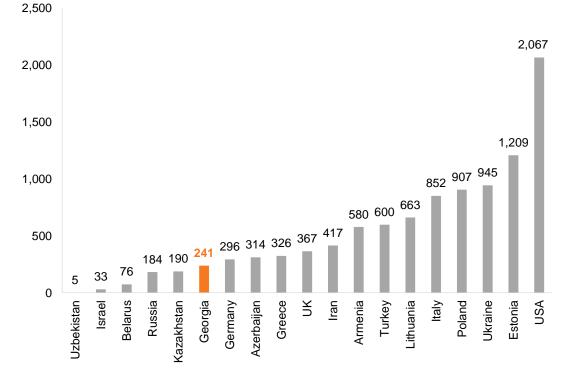


COVID-19 cases are on the rise since end-March 2021 and there are signs of the third wave

COVID-19 statistics in Georgia, persons



Active COVID-19 cases per 100,000 persons



Source: Johns Hopkins University, as of 15.04.2021



Source: NCDC, as of 15.04.2021

Vaccination is underway in more than 150 countries. However, vaccination rates are low, with only a 5.6% of the world's population vaccinated as of April 16

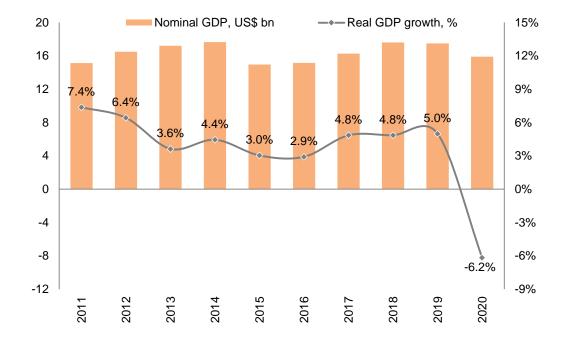
COVID vaccination statistics worldwide

| Top 10 countries | Vaccinated population, % | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Seychelles | 69.0% | | | |
| Israel | 59.0% | | | |
| UK | 48.6% | | | |
| Chile | 39.8% | | | |
| USA | 37.9% | | | |
| Malta | 36.7% | | | |
| Hungary | 31.6% | | | |
| Estonia | 20.3% | | | |
| Lithuania | 19.0% | | | |
| Poland | 15.9% | | | |
| Neighboring countries | | | | |
| Turkey | 14.4% | | | |
| Azerbaijan | 8.4% | | | |
| Russia | 4.7% | | | |
| Georgia | 0.7% | | | |

Vaccination process in Georgia

- There are 3 types of vaccines available in Georgia at this stage:
 - 43,200 doses of AstraZeneca
 - 29,250 doses of Pfizer
 - 100,000 Sinopharm
- As of April 16, 24,917 people (0.7%) have been vaccinated in Georgia. As of April, on average 1,318 people get vaccine per day. Acceleration of vaccination rate is expected from 2H21
- According to public statements, Georgia is expecting one million doses of the vaccine Pfizer (date unknown). Notably, negotiations are underway with Novax, Johnson & Johnson and other companies as well.

In 2020, Georgian economy contracted by 6.2%. Notably, some sectors recorded positive growth rates



Real GDP growth and nominal GDP



Real growth by economic sector, y/y

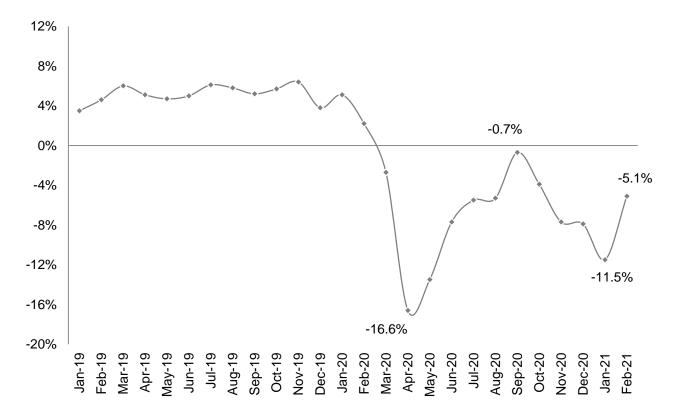
Source: Geostat



Source: Geostat

Economic contraction significantly slowed in February 2021 after the gradual easing of restrictions

Real GDP growth by month



Source: Geostat

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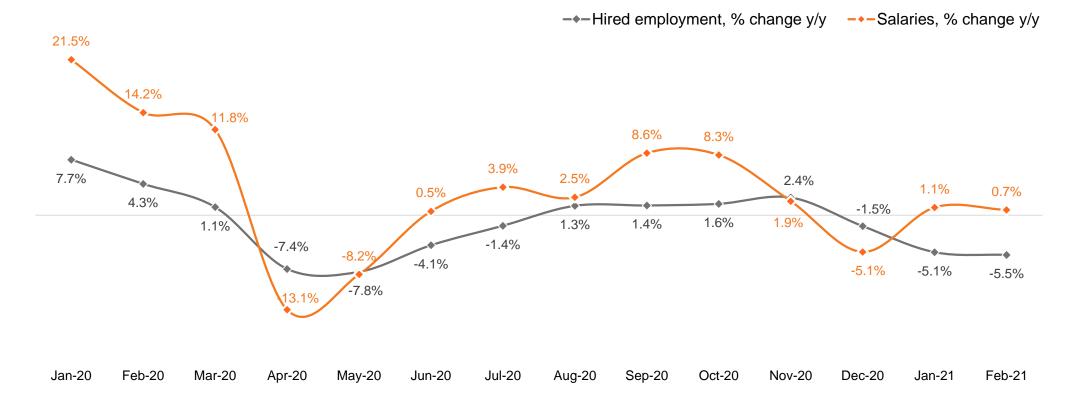
Remittances are growing rapidly, exports have accelerated significantly, and tourism revenues are still minimal

Notably, an increase in imports in Mar-21 indicates a recovery of domestic demand.

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Wages increased in January-February 2021, while employment was down

Hired employment and paid salaries



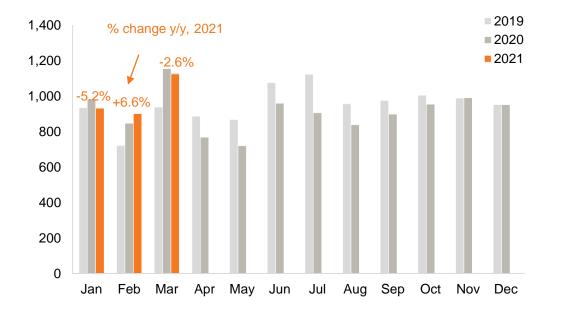
Source: Revenue Service



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Tax revenue plan was met in 1Q21. The fiscal deficit remains high in 2021

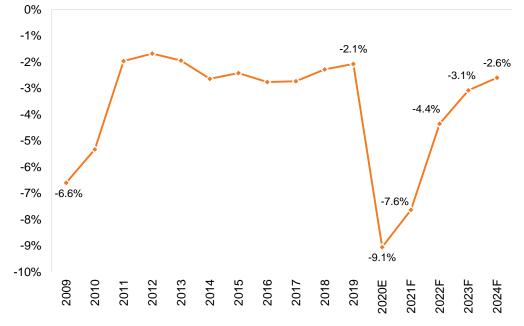
Consolidated budget tax revenues, GEL mn



Source: MOF

- In 1Q21, tax revenues amounted to GEL 3.0bn and the quarterly plan is fulfilled by 100.3%
- In 1Q21, VAT refunds amounted to GEL 467mn.

Fiscal deficit, as % of GDP

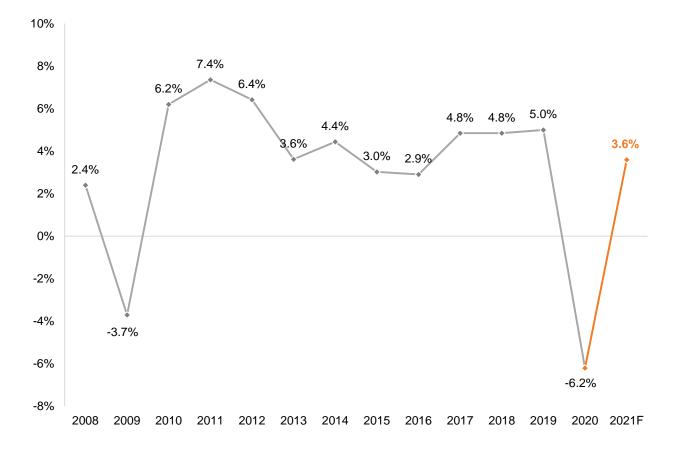


Source: MOF

- Government anti-crisis spending (healthcare, business and household assistance) amounted to 4% of GDP (GEL 2bn) in 2020
- In 2021, anti-crisis spending is planned at 2% of GDP (GEL 1.1bn)
- In 2021, infrastructure projects are projected to increase by 5.2% to GEL 4.3bn
- In the post-pandemic period, it is important to improve fiscal parameters and for this purpose a sharp reduction in current expenditures is needed.



Slow vaccination process and the delayed recovery of tourism weaken 2021 growth outlook



Georgia's economic growth forecast

In the beginning of 2021, we had positive expectations for the resumption of tourism, but the slow vaccination process will delay it

Accordingly, we forecast 3.6% economic growth in 2021 (which was our pessimistic scenario, while in the case of tourism recovery our forecast was 5.0%)

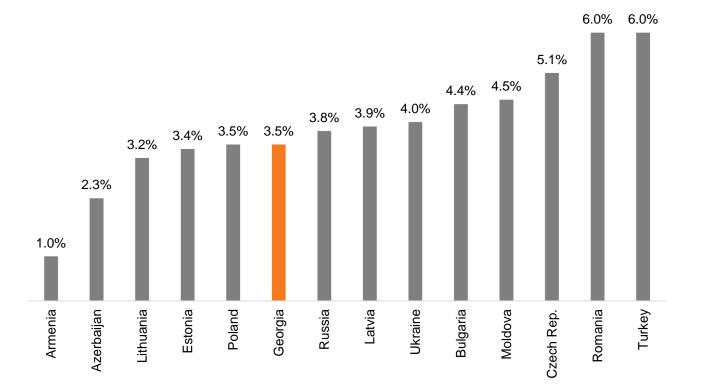
Notably, possible repeated economic restrictions will weigh on growth outlook (according to our estimates, the economy lost GEL 16mn per day as a result of previous restrictions).

Source: Geostat, Galt & Taggart



IMF reduced Georgia's economic growth forecast from 4.3% to 3.5% for 2021

IMF's economic growth forecasts for 2021



- In April 2021, IMF released updated economic forecasts
- After a 3.3% decline in 2020, the IMF expects the world economy to grow by 6.0% in 2021
- IMF reduced Georgia's economic growth forecast from 4.3% to 3.5% for 2021.

Source: IMF's WEO, April 2021

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| | Economic | trends |
|---|----------|--------|
| - | | |

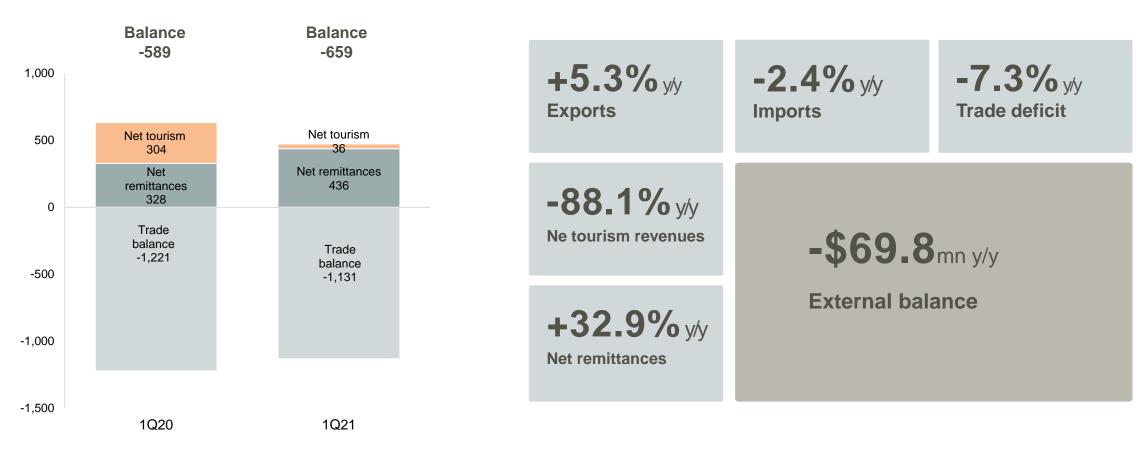
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External balance deteriorated by US\$ 69.8mn in 1Q21

Major categories of external balance, US\$ mn



Change in 1Q21

Source: NBG, Geostat, Galt & Taggart

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Source: NBG, Geostat, Galt & Taggart

Exports increased in Feb-21, while imports continued to fall in double digits. As a result, the trade balance improved by US\$ 154mn in 2M21

Goods exports

| | 2M20 | 2M21 | % change y/y |
|----------------|------|------|--------------|
| Total exports | 531 | 495 | -6.8% |
| Copper | 90 | 95 | 5.1% |
| Ferro-alloys | 42 | 52 | 23.0% |
| Cars | 105 | 50 | -52.5% |
| Wine | 28 | 26 | -8.3% |
| Fertilizers | 20 | 19 | -8.5% |
| Mineral water | 16 | 18 | 17.0% |
| Spirits | 15 | 18 | 18.8% |
| Nuts | 7 | 16 | 125.4% |
| Pharmaceutical | 9 | 9 | 1.5% |
| Gold | 15 | 9 | -42.3% |
| Other | 182 | 182 | 0.4% |

Goods imports

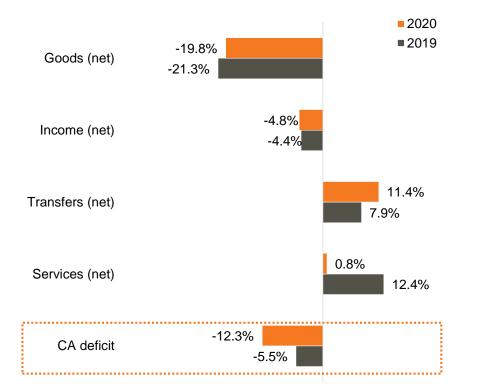
| | 2M20 | 2M21 | % change y/y |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|--------------|
| Total imports | 1,349 | 1,159 | -14.1% |
| Cars | 137 | 98 | -28.2% |
| Gases | 104 | 90 | -13.8% |
| Oil | 106 | 83 | -21.0% |
| Copper | 75 | 59 | -21.3% |
| Moving, extracting vehicles | 1 | 41 | 29.8× |
| Pharmaceutical | 42 | 39 | -6.7% |
| Trucks | 16 | 29 | 86.0% |
| Telephones | 34 | 25 | -26.4% |
| Electricity | 21 | 18 | -15.6% |
| Wheat | 10 | 16 | 55.9% |
| Other | 803 | 661 | -17.7% |



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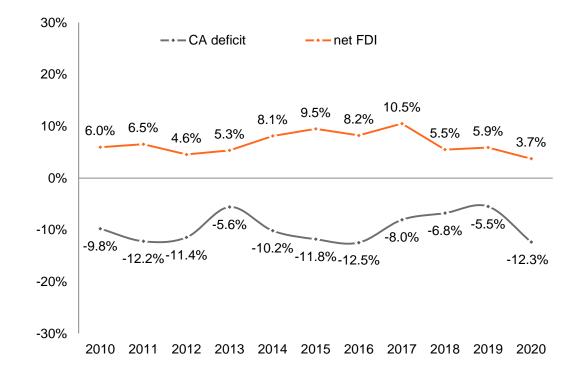
Source: Geostat

CA deficit doubled in 2020, due to a sharp deterioration in the services balance



CA balance and its components, as % of GDP

CA deficit and net FDI, as % of GDP



Source: Geostat, NBG



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Source: Geostat, NBG

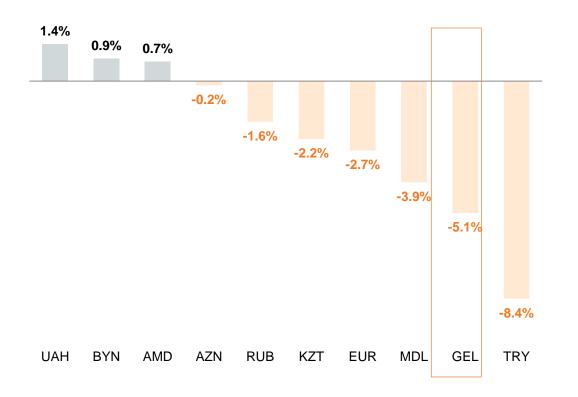
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GEL depreciated further in 2021

GEL and regional currencies against US\$, period 1 January – 15 April, 2021



Source: Central banks Note: -/+ means depreciation/appreciation



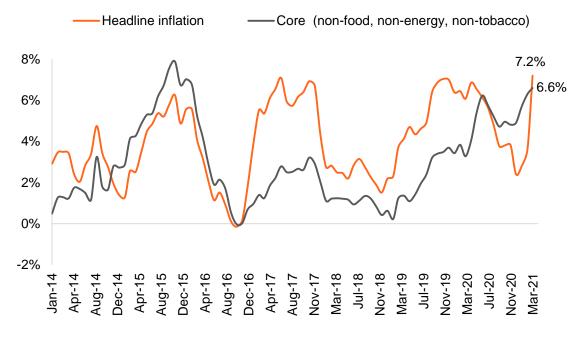
YTD, NBG sold US\$ 212.9mn via FX auctions

The current fluctuations of the GEL are mainly driven by the expectations of the third wave of Covid-19, political instability and negative expectations arising from the depreciation of the Turkish lira

In 2021, GEL is expected in the range of 3.4-3.5 vs. USD (In case of tourism recovery 3.25-3.4).

Average annual inflation expected at 6.9% in 2021; further tightening of monetary policy is expected

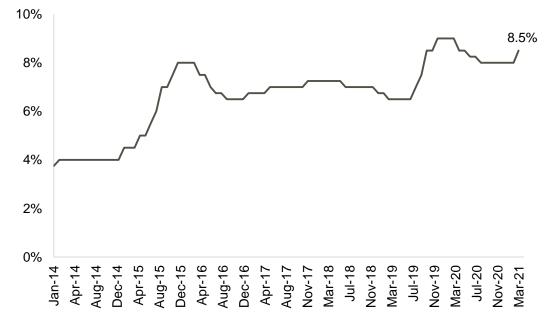
Annual inflation



Source: Geostat

Reduction of annual inflation in December 2020 and January 2021 was related to the government subsidy of utility bills.

Monetary policy rate



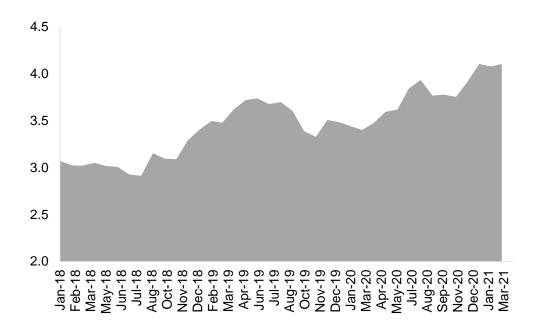
Source: Geostat

NBG increased the key rate by 50bps to 8.5% in Mar-21



Gross international reserves are high

International reserves, US\$ bn



Source: NBG

NBG's interventions, US\$ mn



Source: NBG



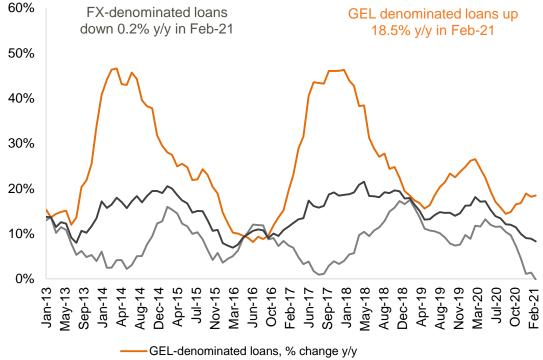
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Banking loan portfolio growth slowed to 8.3% y/y in February 2021

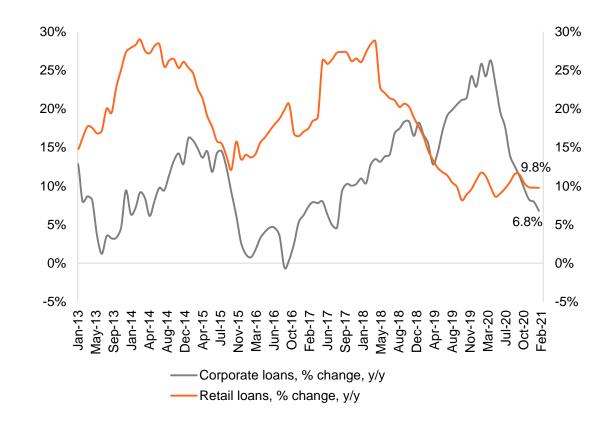
Bank loan portfolio growth



------ FX-denominated loans, % change y/y (exc. FX effect)

----- Total loan portfolio, % change y/y (exc. FX effect)

Loan book growth: corporate vs. retail (exc. FX effect)



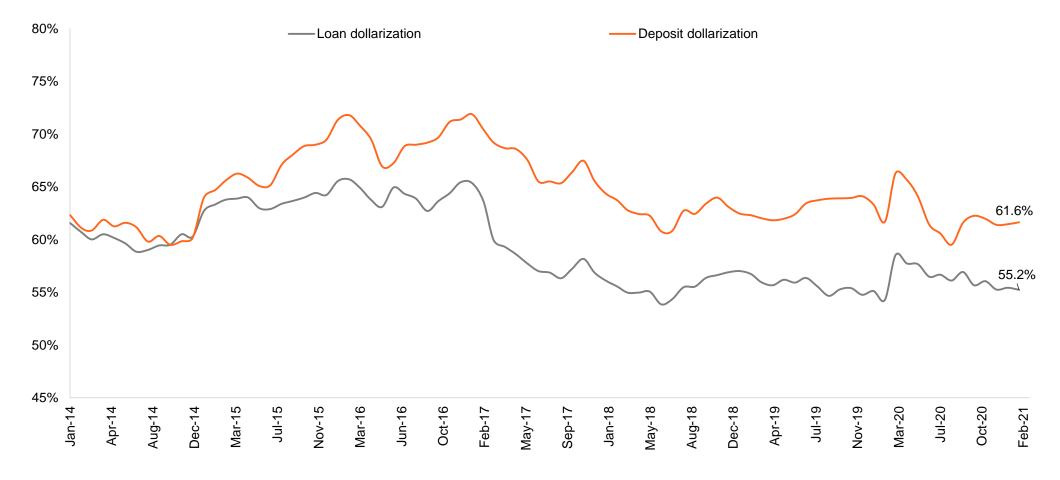
Source: NBG



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Dollarization is expected to rise due to the GEL depreciation

Loan and deposit dollarization



Source: NBG

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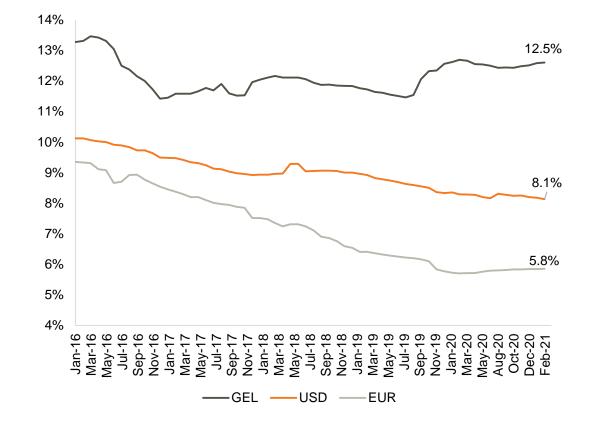
GEL interest rates expected to increase considering further tightening of monetary policy

Source: NBG

16% 14% 12% 10.9% 10% 8% 7.0% 6% 4.9% 4% 2% Jan-16 Mar-16 Jul-16 Sep-16 Jul-17 Jul-17 Jul-17 Jul-17 Sep-17 Nov-17 Jul-18 Jul-18 Sep-18 May-19 Jul-19 Sep-19 May-19 Jul-19 Sep-20 May-20 May-20 Feb-21 Feb-21 -GEL -USD -EUR

Interest rates on mortgages

Interest rates on loans to legal entities



Source: NBG



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Conclusion

GDP

• Due to the slow pace of vaccination and the delayed recovery in tourism, we forecast economic growth in Georgia at 3.6% in 2021.

GEL/\$

• In 2021, GEL is expected in the range of 3.4-3.5 vs. USD (in case of tourism recovery 3.25-3.4).

Inflation

• We forecast annual average inflation at 6.9% in 2021, and end-year inflation at 8.6%.

Refinancing rate

• We expect further tightening of monetary policy, as inflation in March turned out to be higher than expected.

Bank loans

• We expect loan portfolio growth at 5-7% in 2021 (excluding FX effect).

Risks

- COVID-19 pandemic and slow vaccination
- Slow tourism recovery
- Political instability and geopolitical tensions





Thank you

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Please send us questions by email: <u>research@gt.ge</u>

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Q/A

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